

**Class 11 English
Sample Paper
Annual exam**

Time: 3 Hours.

M.M. 80 Marks

General Instructions :

- 1. This question paper is divided into three sections.**
- 2. Section A Reading Comprehension 20 Marks**
- 3. Section B Writing and Grammar 30 Marks**
- 4. Section C (Literature) 30 Marks**

Section A- Reading SKILLS

1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (12m)

1. It is common knowledge that school children are under great pressure to perform well in all fields, study ten subjects, play games and develop an impressive image. How do they manage? The skills, techniques and principles which they pick up while still young help them cope.
2. Two of twentieth century's finest minds have lamented that schools are not teaching the basics of personal excellence or the science of success. Edward De Bono : "Almost all of what a child learns at school after the age of ten is totally irrelevant to his need in later life. Most schools do not teach thinking at all." The serious thesis of this article is that management must be taught as a school subject. The weightiest argument is that children are managers.
3. Many of children are called upon to play directly three of the interpersonal roles: "Figurehead", "Leader" and "Liaison Officer". They do this while assisting teachers as monitors or class representatives or group leaders during educational tours and field work; while captaining teams on playgrounds; and while leading teams in quiz, debating and other competitions. Many more play these roles as surrogates.
4. The decision role of "Entrepreneur and "Resource Allocator" may only occasionally be assigned to children. However, it is worth noting that, according to a recent survey in Delhi, a monthly allocation of up to Rs. 1000 is available as pocket money to school children. Therefore, school children too need to have control over money and to develop a sense of budget. If we add to these financial resources, the resources of time, information and intellect available to children, the first two decision roles are not irrelevant to them.
5. Children play the other two decision roles: "Disturbance Handler" and "Negotiator" more often. True, the international roles of "monitor, "disseminator and "spokesman" are not so frequently and formally engaged in by children as by CEOs, MDs, Vice Presidents and other adult managers.

6. If you cannot see children as managers, they are managers in the making: Many of the management habits (e.g., using a to-do list), management skills (e.g. Sensitive listening), management attitudes and values are formed early in life. Personality theorists believe that it is extremely difficult to change personality traits, styles of thinking and habits of behavior once they are formed.
7. As in language learning, where basic aspects of language like pronunciation and rhythm are extremely resistant to learning after puberty, good management habits, attitudes and values are difficult to acquire in adulthood. In the fifties, even in the educationally advanced countries such as the U.S. Algebra was thought to be too abstract to be taught even in senior schools. Now it is taught from upper primary classes onwards in both educationally progressive and developing countries. Computer skills, lateral thinking and swimming, often felt to be forbidden by adults are easily learnt by children. In fact, both research evidence and specialists beliefs strongly support the view that children's ability to learn skills like swimming and creative thinking is much more developed than adults. Equally important, complex organisms (a) learn what is necessary or pleasurable and (b) adapt themselves in ways that will serve their needs and interests with amazing enthusiasm, ease and effectiveness.

1. On the basis of your reading of the above passage, answer the following questions by choosing the correct option given below:(6m)

- i. The reason of pressure on children is:
 - a. Common knowledge
 - b. Absence of skills
 - c. Choice between studies and games
 - d. Performance demand in all fields
- ii. What according to few educationists, is lacking in school teaching?
 - a. Basics of personal excellence
 - b. Science of success
 - c. Thinking
 - d. All of the above
- iii. The sense of budget among children is an indication towards their capability of performing:
 - a. Interpersonal role
 - b. Decision role
 - c. Leading role
 - d. Informational role
- iv. The article advocates teaching as a subject in school.
 - a. Management
 - b. Creative Thinking
 - c. Computer skills

- d. Swimming
- v. Which word in Para 7 is opposite in meaning of "concrete"?
 - a. Algebra
 - b. Acquire
 - c. Resistant
 - d. Abstract
- vi. The terms used for a detailed critical inspection study in Para 4 is:
 - a. Intellect
 - b. Resource Allocator
 - c. Survey
 - d. Budget

2. Answer the following questions briefly: (6m)

- i. How the interpersonal roles are performed by students? (Any One)
- ii. What are the attributes of good management?
- iii. Why is it difficult to acquire good management habits in adulthood?
- iv. Which roles according to the author are occasionally performed by the students?
- v. Which word in the above passage means the same as-Regretted (Para 2)
- vi. Which word in the above passage means the same as-officially (Para 5)

2. Read the following passage carefully. (8m)

In life, you'll always come across situations where there will be someone else who's better than you, especially there is no one quality or standard that people can be judged on. There will always be someone who looks better, has more money or is more intelligent than you. How you choose to approach these situations, of course, depends on the perspective you take. People in themselves are a bit intimidating, it's the opinions you form about them that make you feel so. Rather than judging people on a single attribute and getting intimidated, be comfortable with who you are and approach other people as complete individuals rather than a bundle of good or bad attributes.

The key to not letting others intimidate you is to know your own worth. Don't let your sense of self be defined by what others think of you or how you compare yourself to them. Know what you are, and be comfortable in your skin. Instead of feeling threatened and letting your ego get in the way, you could benefit a great deal by being around people who might be better than you in some ways. Respect others for what they are and use these opportunities to learn from the strengths and virtues of others.

Don't get bogged down by what you don't have or can't do. We all have limitations. Learn to accept them and focus on your strengths. A lot of times, we come under pressure from what people we believe to be more popular and influential than us, in a bid to fit in with them. However, at times like these, it's

important for you to stay true to yourself and say 'no' when you're expected to do something that makes you uncomfortable.

Your first response to an intimidating person or situation would probably be to avoid them altogether. However, avoidance only goes on to increase your anxiety. Confront these situations head on, with more and more practice, you'll start finding these situations easier to deal with. Always keep in mind that everybody has flaws and everyone has his/her own share of struggles, even if you aren't able to spot them. Our self-esteem gets lowered when we focus too much on our weaknesses and neglect what we get right. Change this pattern and start giving yourself credit for your strengths and success.

A. On the basis of your reading of the passage make notes on it, using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations (wherever necessary minimum 4) and a format you consider suitable.

Also supply an appropriate title to it.(5m)

B. Write a summary of the above passage in about 80 words(3m).

Section-B: WRITING & GRAMMAR

3. You are Raman/Ramnya the head boy girl of R.P.V.V. Lajpat Nagar. Your school has decided to celebrate the coming Wednesday as Green Day. It will be a no garbage generation day and junk food will not be allowed in the tiffin box. To promote the awareness a painting competition will be organised in the school auditorium. Write a notice informing the students about it. (4m)

OR

Ajay Arora wishes to let out a portion of his newly built house. Draft an advertisement for publication in 'To Let' column of HT, giving all the necessary details.

4. The government has banned the use of loudspeakers, but this nuisance continues and disturbs you in your studies. Make a complaint to the SHO of local police station?(6m)

OR

Terrorism is no more a local issue. It has spread globally and is a universal concern now. Write a letter to the Editor of a leading national newspaper voicing your concern and the need to combat terrorism globally and suggesting remedial measures also

5. As the student reporter of your school magazine, write a report in about 150-200 words on the Independence Day Celebrations that took place in your school recently.(10m)

OR

Your School is organising Senior Citizen Day to make people aware about the importance and contribution of the elderly people to society and Nation. Write a speech to be delivered in your morning assembly showing your concern on the issue of 'Care of our Elders'.

6. **Rearrange the following jumbled words to make meaningful sentences. (4m)**

- Below/ not/ must/age/ of/ eighteen/ years/ drive/ the children.
- Their/ room/ boys/ the/ are/ revising/ the/ lesson/ in
- USA/ tomorrow/ along/ will/ leave/ musicians/ director/ the/ with/ their/ the/ for
- The/ complaint/ from/ principal/ one/ school/ a/ received/ of our/ parents/ today/ the/ of.

7. Fill in the blanks using the correct form of the verb given in the bracket. (1/2=2m)

An elephant (i) (excel) other animals in intelligence. Whenever is (ii) (face) with difficulty, it (iii)..... (find) a way out. Thus (iv) (be) one of the most difficult animals in the world to tame.

8. The following passage has not been edited. There is one mistake in each line. Underline the mistake and write the correction in the opposite blank. (4m)

(a)	Most of the Indian craftsmen which
(b)	exquisite crafts has helped India
(c)	earn an high status, are unfortunately.
(d)	among those who are living with basic
(e)	facilities they leave below the poverty
(f)	line they are forceful to take loan at
(g)	high rate of interest or get trapped in
(h)	eternal debut,

Section: C (Literature)

Text Books and Long Reading Texts (30m)

9. Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow: (3m)

**And forever, by day and night,
give back life to my own origin,
And make pure and beautify it;**

- 'I' stand for.....?
- What does 'origin' refer to?
- What do you mean by beautify it?

OR

**Silence surrounds us.
I would have Him prodigal,
returning to his father's house,**

- 'us' refer to..... ?
- What does the word prodigal mean here?
- Where has the son gone?

10. Answer any three of the following questions in about 30 to 40 words: (3x3=9)

- a. Describe the friendship between Khushwant Singh and his grandmother.
- b. Write a paragraph on Mr. Crocker Harris.
- c. Why did Egyptians resent Carter's investigations?
- d. How did melon become the ruler?
- e. The author was disappointed with Darchen? Explain.

11. Answer any one of the following in about 120-150 words. (6m)

Every one onboard did contribute to save Wave walker. Justify.

OR

Crocker Harris does not appear in the scene, yet we know much of him. Explain.

12. Attempt any one of the following question in about 120-150 words. (6m)

Why was Dr. Andrew horrified when he saw the condition of the child? Why?

OR

What impression do you form of the narrator after reading the lesson "The Address"?

13. Answer any one of the following in about 120-150 words. (6m)

"We have not inherited this earth from the fore fathers; we have borrowed it from our children". Explain.

OR

Write about the bond of affinity between Shahid and the writer.

FINAL EXAMINATION
CLASS- XI
SUBJECT – ECONOMICS

Time: 3 hrs

MM – 80

General Instructions:

- (i) **All** questions in both the sections are **compulsory**.
- (ii) Marks for questions are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Question No. **1 – 4** and **13 – 16** are very short answer questions carrying **1** mark each. They are required to be answered in **one sentence**.
- (iv) Question No. **5 – 6** and **17 – 18** are short answer questions carrying **3** marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed **60** words each.
- (v) Question No. **7 – 9** and **19 – 21** are also short answer questions carrying **4** marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed **70** words each.
- (vi) Question No. **10 – 12** and **22 – 24** are long answer questions carrying **6** marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed **100** words each.
- (vii) Answers should be brief and to the point and the above word limit be adhered to as far as possible.

SECTION- A

- Q 1. Stratified sample is preferred where:
- a. The population is perfectly homogeneous
 - b. The population is perfectly non-homogeneous
 - c. Random sampling is not possible
 - d. Small samples are required (1)
- Q 2. What is meant by price ceiling? (1)

Q 3. What happens to AP, when MP is more than AP? (1)

- (a) AP rises (c) AP falls
(b) AP remains constant (d) None of these

Q 4. What do you mean by price discrimination? (1)

Q 5. Write difference between normal goods and inferior goods. (3)

Q 6. Although water is useful, yet it is cheap. Diamond is not much of use, still it is very expensive. Give an economic reason for this paradox. (3)

Q 7. Write the reason behind leftward shift in demand. (4)

Q 8. Explain unitary elastic demand with the help of table and diagram. (4)

OR

How availability of substitute affects elasticity of demand?

Q 9. Complete the following table: (4)

Output	Price	Marginal revenue	Total revenue
1	–	10	–
2	9	–	–
3	–	–	24
4	–	4	–

Q 10.(a) Price elasticity of demand is found to be (-) 5. Price of the commodity rises from 10 per unit to 20 per unit. Find the percentage decrease in quantity demand.

(b) When the price of a good falls from 8 rupees per unit to 6 rupees per unit, its supply falls by 25 units from 125 units. Calculate elasticity of supply(E_s) by percentage method. (6)

Q 11. What do you mean by producer equilibrium? Explain with the help of table and diagram. (6)

Q 12 How is the equilibrium price of good determined? Explain with the help of diagram a situation when both demand and supply curves shift to the right but equilibrium price remains the same.

OR

Explain the concept of price floor with the help of diagram. (6)

SECTION –B

Q 13. Maximum value of rank correlation coefficient is: (1)

- (a) 0 (c) +1
(b) -1 (d) None of these

Q 14. The quickest method to collect primary data is : (1)

- (a) Direct personal investigation (c) Indirect oral investigation
(b) Telephonic interview (d) Mailed questionnaire method

Q 15. Percentage Bar Diagram is : (1)

- a) Same as sub divided bar diagram
b) Has all bars equal in size
c) Is similar to multiple bar diagram
d) All of the above

Q 16. What is a statistical enquiry? (1)

Q 17. What is stratified sampling? Explain with example. (3)

Q 18. Calculate the Median from the following data: (3)

Size	10	20	30	40
Frequency	20	5	70	40

Q 19. Calculate mean deviation from arithmetic median and coefficient of mean deviation: (4)

Size (x)	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
Frequency (f)	5	10	15	12

Q 20. Construct index numbers of prices from the data given below by applying

fisher's Method:

(4)

Commodities	Base Year		Current Year	
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
A	10	2	10	1
B	30	3	20	2
C	20	5	30	2
D	50	2	40	3

Q 21. Construct index number by simple average of price relatives method for 2008 taking the price of 2010 as base from the data given below: (4)

Commodities	Prices (in rupees)	
	2008	2010
A	10	20
B	5	35
C	7	49
D	20	100

Q 22 Calculate Coefficient Rank correlation of following data: (6)

X	30	32	34	35	37	38	40	42	44
Y	22	25	27	28	29	30	31	32	33

OR

Calculate correlation of following data by Karl Pearson's method:

X	32	8	12	15	18	20	24	18	31
Y	10	12	15	15	18	25	22	26	28

Q 23 From the following compute quartile deviation: (6):

X	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Y	5	7	3	5	2	1	4

Q 24. Present the following data with the help of percentage bar diagram: (6)

Household	A	B	C
Food	360	300	210
Clothing	160	135	120
House Rent	100	120	90
Fuel and Light	200	60	60
Misc.	180	135	120

SAMPLE PAPER
ANNUAL EXAMINATION
CLASS – XI
SUBJECT-BUSINESS STUDIES

TIME: 3 HRS.

M.M: 90

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- Marks are indicated against each question
- Attempt all parts of a question together.
- Answer to questions carrying 1 marks should be from one word to one sentence.
- Answer to questions carrying 3 marks should be from 50 to 75 words.
- Answer to questions carrying 4-5 marks should be about 150 words.
- Answer to questions carrying 6 marks should be about 200 words.

Q.1 Give an example of discretionary responsibility of business. (1)

Q.2 What is meant by indent? (1)

Q.3 “Arora Brothers is a firm formed for the construction of a shopping mall.”
Identify this type of partnership. (1)

Q.4 Name the government agency that provides postal services in our country.(1)

Q.5 By what name temporary shops in business locality are known? (1)

Q.6 Aakriti is planning to set up a factory for manufacturing ready-made garments.
Mention any two risks that she might face. (1)

Q.7 What are Inter Corporate Deposits (ICD)? (1)

Q.8 What is digital cash? (1)

Q.9 Do public sector units need different organizational forms than private sector units? Give three reasons in support of your answer. (3)

Q.10 Give the classification of service enterprises in terms of investment in equipment in accordance with the provisions of Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. (3)

Q.11 The business assets of an organization amount to Rs. 50,000 but the debts that remain unpaid are Rs. 80,000. What course of action can the creditors take if

- a) The organization is a sole proprietorship firm.
- b) The organization is a partnership firm with Anthony and Akbar as partners. Which of the two partners can the creditors approach for repayment of debt? Explain giving reasons. (3)

Q.12 Explain the meaning of mate's receipt. What information does it contain?(3)

Q.13 Because of the 'festive season' (Diwali) coming soon, Neha Garments Ltd, decides to expand the business activities by building more inventories at an estimated cost of Rs 10 lakh. As finance manager of the company, advise the directors about the various sources of raising necessary finance for this purpose.(3)

Q.14 Rishabh insured his factory for Rs 5 lakh against fire. Due to fire, he suffered a loss of Rs 2 lakh. How much amount he can recover from the insurance company? Why? (3)

Q.15 Explain briefly any four characteristics of business. (4)

Q.16 You are a businessman. You want to implement 'e-business'. What are the resources required for its successful implementation? (4)

Q.17 A large-sized company manufacturing shoes for Indian market has to determine whether it should use wholesale set up or its own chain stores for distributing its products. What alternative would you suggest? Give reasons in support of your answer. (4)

Q.18 Explain any four disadvantages of a Co-Operative society. (4)

Q.19 Examine the case in favour of social responsibilities of business. (4)

Q.20 Amko Ltd., an American company is manufacturing a high quality products, which is very popular in America. The company is searching for the possibilities of exporting its product to foreign countries. After a thorough search on the internet it

arrived at the conclusion that India can be a good market for its products. But the company is unaware of the distribution system in India. Now the company is looking for such a company which is already established in India and has a strong distribution system. Once again it searched on the internet and found that there was an Indian company named 'Surya Ltd.' which was facing severe financial constraints, but it had a very strong distribution system. Amko Ltd. negotiated with Surya Ltd., and both the companies made an agreement to jointly run their business. In this way the American company, with the help of Surya Ltd., got a good experience of entering the foreign markets.

- a) Identify the type of business enterprises formed by merging Surya Ltd. with Amko Ltd.
- b) State any four features of such a business enterprise. (5)

Q.21 a) Do you think that small business units can survive in a competitive market? Explain the factors which make way for the scope of small business enterprise.

b) An employee has been terminated due to a small mistake without hearing him, while the other one was not terminated on the same mistake. Which value has been neglected here? (5)

Q.22 Make a difference between life insurance and marine insurance on the basis of:

- i) Subject matter
- ii) Insurable interest
- iii) Loss measurement
- iv) Policy amount
- v) Medical examination (5)

Q.23 "No business is risk free." In the light of this statement, explain the concept of business risk, its nature and causes. (5)

Q.24 Radhika Ltd. has good growth prospects. So it is planning to expand their business. For this the company needs additional funds. The finance manager reports that the company is not in a position to bear extra burden of paying any fixed financial charges like interest or dividend. They do not want to bear any

floatation costs even. Also, the equity shareholders insist not to issue further shares as there is risk of dilution of control.

- (a) Suggest the source of finance most suitable for Radhika Ltd.
- (b) Enumerate any three merits and two demerits of the source of finance identified in (a). (6)

Q.25 An exporter has produced some goods and also obtained the pre-shipment inspection report. Briefly explain the next six steps in the export procedure to be taken by him (which will help him to obtain customs clearance of the goods). (6)

Q.26 “A promoter is called parent of the company.” Do you agree? Explain the steps taken by promoters in the promotion of a company. (6)

Q.27 Describe the services rendered by wholesalers to manufacturers and retailers. (Three each) (6)

END

SAMPLE PAPER
ANNUAL EXAMINATION
CLASS – XI
SUBJECT-ACCOUNTANCY

TIME: 3 Hrs.

MM: 90

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are to be attempted
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- Working must be a part of your answers.
- Attempt all the parts of a question at similar place.

Q.1 What are the two basic objectives of having Accounting Standards? (1)

Q.2 Rohan has returned goods worth Rs. 5,000 to Radheysham as he found it defective. Which document will be prepared by Radheysham?

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| a) Invoice/ Bill | b) Debit note |
| c) Credit Voucher | d) Credit note (1) |

Q.3 Write two disadvantages of cash basis of accounting. (1)

Q.4 What is the impact of GST Paid at the time of purchase of machinery on depreciation? (1)

Q.5 Mr. Jaspal Singh dealing in electronic goods sold 20 TV sets costing Rs. 30,000 each at Rs. 40,000 each. Out of this Rs. 5,00,000 were received in cash and the balance is not yet received. State the amount of revenue. (1)

Q.6 On 13-07-2016 X draws a bill on Y for Rs. 25,000 for 30 days. What is the due date of the bill? (1)

Q.7 Classify the following into three types of personal accounts:

- I. Capital Account
- II. Tata Steel Company
- III. Debtors Accounts
- IV. Outstanding Expenses Account
- V. Haryana Education Board

VI. Shri Ram College of Commerce (3)

- Q. 8 a) A firm has stationery stock amounting to Rs. 400 as at the end of financial year. Accountant of the firm has written it off to Profit & Loss Account. Is he right in doing so?
- b) X Ltd. gets a contract of Rs. 100 crore to build a Shopping-Mal to be completed in 3 years. The management of the company wants to ascertain Profit or Loss on this contract only when the contract is completed. Is the management justified?
- c) A debtor who owes Rs. 5,00,000 to the Company is rumoured to be declared insolvent. Will you disclose this information in the books? (3)

Q.9 a) Following information was taken from an income statement:

Opening Stock Rs.5,000; Sales Rs. 16,000; Carriage inwards Rs. 1,000; Sales Return Rs.1,000; Gross Profit Rs.6,000; Purchases Rs.10,000; and Purchases Return Rs.900. Calculate closing stock and the cost of goods sold.

b) Calculate gross profit from the following information:

Net Sales Rs.9,00,000

Gross Profit is 20% on cost. (3)

- Q.10 a) Miss Priti, an electronic goods dealer, gifted a washing machine valued Rs. 25,000 to her friend Suruchi. Will it be recorded in the books of accounts?
- b) Identify the values being violated in case of Window Dressing.
- c) Mention two advantages of accounting. (3)

Q.11 For what purpose provisions are created. Explain any three. (3)

Q.12 By taking Question No. 16 Prepare the following Ledger A/c's :

- a) Cash A/C
- b) Anil's A/C (3)

Q.13 Show the accounting equation on the basis of the following transactions :

- a) Sujata commenced business with cash Rs. 70,000 and Rs. 30,000 by cheque; Goods Rs. 60,000; machinery Rs. 1,50,000 and furniture Rs. 50,000.
- b) $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the above goods sold at a profit of 5% on cost and $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the payment is received in cash.
- c) Depreciation on machinery provided @ 15%.
- d) Cash withdrawn for personal use Rs. 5,000. (4)

Q.14 Determine Total Sales from the following information:

	Rs.
Opening Debtors	11,400
Cash received	48,300
Discount allowed	1,500
Bad Debts written off	300
Sales Return	800
Bills Receivable received	6,100
Closing Debtors	10,800

Additional Information: Cash Sales Rs. 1,00,000 (4)

Q.15 Pass necessary journal entries to rectify the following errors:

- a. The Sales Book was overcast by Rs. 500.
- b. Credit purchases from Aradhya Rs. 6,000 were posted to the debit of her account as Rs. 9,000.
- c. Goods returned from Ayan Rs. 8,000 were recorded in Purchase Return Book.
- d. Wages paid Rs. 3,980 were recorded in the Cash Book as Rs. 3,890. (4)

Q.16 Journalise the following transaction:

- I. Anil who owed us Rs. 20,000 becomes insolvent and a final dividend of 60 paise in a rupee is received from his estate.

- II. Provide interest on capital Rs. 2,00,000 @ 12% p.a. for 8 months.
- III. Bought goods from Anil for Rs. 20,000 at a trade discount of 10% and cash discount of 2%. Paid 60% amount immediately.
- IV. Banked Rs. 1,00,000. (4)

Q.17 Enter the following transactions in the sales books of Ganesh & Co. of Jaipur (Rjasthan), who deals in furniture. Assume CGST @ 6% and SGST @ 6%:-

2017

- January 5** Sold to Gupta Furniture House, New Delhi: -
120 Chairs @ Rs.2,500 per chair
25 Tables @ Rs.8,000 per Table
Less: 5%
- January 8** Sold to Raja Furniture House, Ahmedabad (Gujarat): -
8 Almirahs @ Rs.15,000 each
9 Steel Cabinets @ Rs.20,000 each
Less: Trade Discount 10%
- January 12** Sold old Computer for Rs.1,500 to Mohan & Co. on credit.
- January 20** Sold to New Furniture House, Jaipur: -
5 Sofa sets @ Rs. 20,000 each
10 Tables @ Rs. 8,000 each
- January 25** Sold 4 Sofa sets @ Rs. 25,000 each to Varun & Co. for cash
- January 31** Purchaed from Ram Lal & Co. Jaipur on credit:-
50 hairs @ Rs. 2,000 each (4)

Q.18 From the following particulars prepare Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31st March, 2014

- a) Credit Balance as per Pass book Rs. 15,000
- b) Before that date, he had issued cheques amounting to Rs. 8,000, of which cheques amounting to Rs. 3,200 have so far been presented for payment.
- c) A cheque of Rs. 2,200 paid by him into the bank on 26th March is not yet credited in the Pass Book.

- d) He had also received a cheque for Rs. 500 which although entered by him in the bank column of cash book, was omitted to be paid into the bank.
- e) On 30th March a cheque for Rs. 1,570 received by him was paid into the bank but the same was omitted to be entered in the cash book.
- f) There was a credit of Rs. 150 for interest on current Account and a debit of Rs. 25 for bank charges. (6)

Q.19 A sold goods to B for Rs. 80,000 plus IGST @ 12% and drew a bill on B for three months who duly accepted the same. A endorsed the bill to C. C endorsed it to his creditor D. D discounted the bill at 15% per annum. On the date of maturity, the bill was dishonoured and Bank paid noting charges amounting Rs. 400.

Show the necessary Journal entries in the books of all the parties. (6)

Q.20 Prepare a Cash Book with appropriate number of columns from the following information for the month of December 2011 in the Books of Sharma:

2011

- December 1** Cash in Hand Rs.2,780; Bank Overdraft Rs.3,125.
- December 2** Cheque worth Rs.400 issued to the petty cashier.
- December 5** Rs.350 was paid to Hari & Sons for the supply of stationery on this day.
- December 7** Received a cheque worth Rs.600 from Pramod against sale of goods.
- December 10** Received Rs.1,200 for sale of goods.
- December 11** The cheque which was received from Pramod on 7thDecember, 2011 was endorsed in favour of Morgan together with Rs.1,400 in cash.
- December 15** Received Rs.950 from Sheila.
- December 23** Murarilal paid Rs.2,000 in cash and 3,000 in cheque after receiving a discount of Rs.200 for goods sold to him in November, 2011. The cheque was immediately deposited into the Bank.
- December 26** Bought goods worth Rs.1,700 from Rustom and paid by cheque after receiving a discount of Rs.170.

- December 30** Interest on overdraft Rs.50 was charged by the Bank.
December 30 Cash in excess of Rs.1,000 was deposited into the Bank. (6)

Q.21 Pass entries in the books of Mr. Roopani of Gujarat assuming CGST @ 9% and SGST @ 9%:

- a) Purchased goods for Rs. 2,00,000 from Suryakant of Jaipur (Rajasthan) on credit.
- b) Sold goods for Rs. 1,50,000 to Mr. Pawar of Mumbai (Maharashtra) and the cheque received was sent to bank.
- c) Sold goods for Rs. 2,50,000 within the state on credit.
- d) Paid insurance premium of Rs. 20,000 by cheque.
- e) Purchased furniture for office for Rs. 60,000 by cheque. (6)

Q.22 a) From the following ledger account balances extracted from the books of R.J. Gupta, prepare a Trial Balance as on 31st March, 2018:

Purchases	1,04,000	Drawings	7,950
Sundry Debtors	18,550	Sundry Creditors	8,300
Premises	62,000	Returns Inward	5,360
Sales	1,49,000	Furniture	15,600
Return Outward	8,900	Cash in Hand	390
Rates & Taxes	780	Capital	85,000
Cash at Bank	1,560	Factory Wages	5,830
Carriage Inwards	650	Carriage Outwards	260
Salaries	3,900	Rent Received	2,990
Stock (1st April,2017)	25,000	Insurance	2,100
Input IGST A/c	5,000	Bad Debts	260
Input CGST A/c	2,500	Output IGST A/c	10,000
Input SGST A/c	2,500		

- b) A sole proprietorship firm decided to select 5 children from B.P.L (Below Poverty Line) families and decided to sponsor their free education in a privately managed school. Accordingly, it selected 3 girls and 2 boys. Which values do the firm wish to promote by taking this decision? (6)

Q.23 The following Trial Balance has been extracted from the books of Shri Santosh Kumar as at 31st March, 2012 :-

	Dr.	Cr.
Plant and Machinery	1,00,000	
Furniture	12,000	
Capital Account		1,91,000
Household Expenses	16,000	
Sales		4,68,000
Loose Tools	20,000	
Goodwill	10,000	
Opening Stock (1-4-2011)	20,000	
Return Outward		4,000
Discount		6,000
Purchases	2,12,000	
Return Inwards	8,000	
Wages	1,00,000	
Salaries	60,000	
Outstanding Salaries		5,000
Investment at 10% p.a.	6,000	
Interest on Investment		300
Sundry Creditors		24,000
Miscellaneous Receipts		2,000
Carriage Inwards	12,000	
General Expenses and Insurance	39,000	
Advertisement Expenses	15,000	
Postage and Telegrams	4,000	
Sundry Debtors	56,000	
B. Barua	2,000	
Cash Balance	14,000	
Bank		3,200
Suspense Account		2,500
	<u>7,06,000</u>	<u>7,06,000</u>

The following additional information is available: -

- I. Stock on 31st March, 2012 was Rs. 30,800.
- II. Depreciation is to be charged on Plant and Machinery at 5% and Furniture at 6%. Loose Tools are revalued at Rs. 16,000.

- III. Create a provision of 2% for Discount on Debtors.
- IV. Salary of Rs. 2,000 paid to Shri B. Barua, a temporary employee, stands debited to his personal account and it is to be corrected.
- V. Write off 1/5th of advertisement expenses.

You are to prepare Trading and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2012 and a Balance Sheet as at that date. (8)

Q.24 On 1st April 2012, Bangalore Silk Ltd. purchased a machinery for Rs. 20,00,000. It provides depreciation at 10% p.a. on the written down value method and closes its books on 31st March every year. On 1st July 2014, a part of the machinery purchased on 1st April 2012 for Rs. 4,00,000 was sold for Rs. 3,20,000. On 1st November 2014, a new machinery was purchased for Rs. 4,80,000. You are required to prepare Machinery Account and Provision for Depreciation Account for three years ending 31st March 2015. (8)

END

**SAMPLE PAPER
FINAL EXAMINATION
CLASS- XI
SUBJECT- HISTORY**

DURATION- 3 HRS

M.M- 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

- All questions are compulsory.
- Q.1 to Q.4 are of 2 marks each. (Word limit- 20 to 30)
- Q.5 to Q.9 are of 4 marks each. (Word limit- 80 to 100)
- Q.10 to Q.12 are source based questions of 5 marks each.
- Q.13 to Q.16 are of 8 marks each. (Word limit- 200 to 300)
- Q.17 is a map question of 5 marks. After completion, attach your map inside your answer sheet.

Q.1 Give the meaning of ‘Historic Period’ of human progress.

Q.2 Give two important components of civilization.

Q.3 Give the names of four unworthy successors of Augustus.

Q.4 Who was Harun Rashid?

Q.5 Describe the progress of Mongolian culture in the early period of nomadism.

Q.6 What was the influence of Christianity on shaping the Feudal system?

Q.7 What was the importance of discovery of the individual?

Q.8 Describe the progress of Art of painting in Italy.

Q.9 Write a note on early societies.

Q.10 Read the passage and answer the following questions:-

Juwaini a late thirteenth century Persian chronicler of the Mongol rulers of Iran, carried an account of the capture of Bukhara in 1220. After the conquest of the city, Juwaini reported, Genghis Khan went to the festival ground where the rich residents of the city were and addressed them : ‘O’ people know that you have committed great sins, and that the great ones amongst you have committed these sins. If you ask me what proof I have for these words,I say it because I am the punishment of God. If you had not committed great sins, God would not have sent a punishment like me upon you’...Now one man had escaped from Bukhara after its capture and had come to Khurasan . He was questioned about the fate of the city and replied: ‘They came, they (mined the walls), they burnt, they slew, they plundered and they departed’

- i. Who was Juwaini? (1)
- ii. When did Genghis Khan capture Bukhara? (1)
- iii. At what place Genghis Khan addressed the rich residents of Bukhara? (1)
- vi. What arguments did Genghis Khan give to justify the atrocities committed by him on the people of Bukhara? (2)

Q.11 Read the passage and answer the following questions:-

We know from the legal texts (disputes, inheritance matters, etc) that in Mesopotamia society the nuclear family was the norm (a nuclear family comprises of a man, his wife and children) although a married son and his family often resided with his parents. The father was the head of the family. We know a little about the procedure for marriage. When declaration was made about the willingness to marry, the bride's parents gave their consent to the marriage. Then a gift was given to the groom's people to the bride's people. When the wedding took place, gifts were exchanged by both parties, who ate together and made offerings in a temple. When her mother-in-law came to fetch her, the bride was given her share of the inheritance by her father. The father's house, herds and fields etc were inherited by the sons.

- i. What types of families were common in the Mesopotamian society? (1)
- ii. What is the meaning of the nuclear family? (1)
- iii. Who was the head of the family? (1)
- iv. What do we know about the procedure for marriage in the Mesopotamian society? (2)

Q.12 Read the passage and answer the following questions:-

By 1500, many classical texts, nearly all in Latin, had been printed in Italy. As printed books became available, it was possible to buy them and students did not have to depend solely on lecture - notes. Ideas, opinions and information moved more widely and more rapidly than ever before. A printed book promoting new ideas could quickly reach hundreds of readers. This also made it possible for individuals to read books, since it was possible to buy copies for oneself. This developed the reading habit among people.

- i. Who made the first printing press? (1)
- ii. Name the book which was first printed? (1)
- iii. What was the advantage of the printed books to the students? (1)
- iv. What were the benefits of printing to the general readers? (2)

Q.13 Describe the struggle of the natives of America for their political rights.

Q.14 Describe the contribution of the Muslims to the progress of the various Sciences.

Q.15 Describe the interesting features of the inventions during the industrial Revolution.

Q.16 How did the early man transform from food gatherer to food producer?

Q.17 On the outline map of world, mark and label the following-

a) Mecca b) Madina c) Iran d) Iraq e) Baghdad

**ANNUAL EXAMINATION
CLASS XI
SUBJECT – POLITICAL SCIENCE**

TIME: 3 hrs

MM - 100

General Instructions-

- 1. The question paper has 27 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.**
- 2. Question no. 1 to 5 is one mark questions.**
- 3. Question no. 6 to 10 is 2 marks questions.**
- 4. Question no. 11 to 16 is 4 marks questions.**
- 5. Question no. 17 to 19 is 5 marks questions based on passage.**
- 6. Question no. 20 & 21 is 5 marks questions based on map/cartoon.**
- 7. Question no. 22 to 27 is 6 marks questions with internal choice.**

Q1 What is Social Freedom?	1
Q2. What is Question Hour ?	1
Q3 What is the Principle of jus soli?	1
Q4. What is a State?	1
Q5. Mention any two grounds for inclusion of a citizenship of a state?	1
Q6. How is PR system different from FPTP system in India?	2
Q7 Which article of our constitution gives freedom of conscience?	2
Q8. What are rights? Why are they important?	2
Q9 What is Sovereignty?	2
Q10. How we can secure political justice.	2
Q11 How is Election Commission a multi member commission?	4
Q12 Explain the provisions making India a Federal state?	4
Q13. How is Independence of judiciary ensured?	4
Q14 Describe the Aristotle concept of Geometrical justice.	4

Q15 How did the State of Hyderabad become a part of the Indian Union? 4

Q16 Explain any three Civil rights. 4

Q17 Read the given passage carefully and answer the following questions. 5

“_____ an upper house could perform the _____ useful function of being a revising body, and _____ its views may count but not votes _____ those who could not enter into the rough and tumble of active politics could _____ advise the lower house.”

a) Write the name of upper house and lower house. 1

b) “Its views may count but not its votes.” What do you mean by this statement? 2

c) Why do we need the upper house? 2

Q18 Let us look at a very different kind of secularism practiced in Turkey in the first half of the twentieth century. This secularism was not about principled distance from organized religion, instead it involved, active intervention in and suppression of, religion. This version of secularism was propounded and practiced by Mustafa Kemal Atatürk.

He came to power after the First World War. He was determined to put an end to the institution of Khalifa in the public life of Turkey. Atatürk was convinced that only a clear break with traditional thinking and expressions could elevate Turkey from the sorry state it was in. He set out in an aggressive manner to modernize and secularise Turkey. Atatürk changed his own name from Mustafa Kemal Pasha to Kemal Atatürk (Atatürk translates as Father of the Turks). The Fez, a traditional cap worn by Muslims, was banned by the Hat Law. Western clothing was encouraged for men and women. The Western (Gregorian) calendar replaced the traditional Turkish calendar. In 1928, the new Turkish alphabet (in a modified Latin form) was adopted.

Can you imagine a secularism that does not give you the freedom to keep the name you are identified with, wear the dress you are used to, change the language you communicate in? In what ways do you think Atatürk’s secularism is different from Indian secularism?

1. Who was Kemal Atatürk?
2. What were the main ideas of Atatürk secularism?
3. How did Atatürk try to promote secularism in Turkey?

Q19. **Read the given passage carefully and answer the following questions.**

People who see themselves as a nation also embody a sense of continuing historical identity. That is, nations perceive themselves as stretching back into the past as well as reaching into the future. They articulate for themselves a sense of

their own history by drawing on collective memories, legends, and historical records, to outline the continuing identity of the nation. Thus nationalists in India invoked its ancient civilization and cultural heritage and other achievements to claim that India has had a long and continuing history as a civilization and that this civilization continuity and unity is the basis of the Indian nation. Jawaharlal Nehru, for instance, wrote in his book *The Discovery of India*, “Though outwardly there was diversity and infinite variety among the people, everywhere there was that tremendous impress of oneness, which held all of us together in ages past, whatever political fate or misfortune had befallen us.”

Questions

1. How do people articulate a sense of their own history?
2. What is known as the basis of unity of India?
3. Who wrote ‘Discovery of India’?

20. . Read the given passage carefully and answer the following questions.

At various times there have been demands to ban books , plays, films, or academic articles in research journals. Let us think about this demand to ban books in the light of our discussion so far which sees freedom as ‘the making of choices’, where a distinction is made between ‘negative and positive liberty’, where we recognize the need for ‘justifiable constraints’ but these have to be supported by proper procedures and important moral arguments. Freedom of expression is a fundamental value and for that society must be willing to bear some inconvenience to protect it from people who want to restrict it. Remember Voltaire’s statement-‘I disapprove of what you say but I will defend to death your right to say it’. How deeply are we committed to this freedom of expression?

- i) What are the two aspects of liberty? (1)
- ii) What is a fundamental value among rights? (2)
- iii) How can we support justifiable constraints? (2)

Q21 . Read the given passage carefully and answer the following questions.

Rights are primarily those claims that I along with others regard to be necessary for leading a life of respect and dignity. In fact, one of the grounds on which rights have been claimed is that they represent conditions that we collectively see as a source of self respect and dignity. For example, the right to livelihood may be considered necessary for leading a life of dignity. Being gainfully employed gives a person economic independence and thus is central for his /her dignity. Having

our basic needs met gives us freedom to pursue our talents and interests. Or, take the right to express ourselves freely. This right gives us the opportunity to be creative and original, whether it is in writing, or dance, or music, or any other creative activity. But freedom of expression is also important for democratic government since it allows for the free expression of beliefs and opinions. Rights such as the right to a livelihood, or freedom of expression would be important for all human beings who live in society and they are described as universal in nature.

Q1. What are rights?

Q2. Why is the freedom of expression important?

Q3. How can we express ourselves?

Q22 Explain the structure urban local government. 6

OR

Describe the procedure for amending the Indian Constitution.

Q23 How is India a Quasi Federal. Explain 6

OR

Is India a living document? Explain with example

Q24 How is Prime Minister a real executive. 6

OR

How is Independence of judiciary ensured in India?.

Q 25 Explain the merits and demerits of self determination. 6

OR

Peace can be best realized when there is freedom, equality and justice. Justify the statement.

Q26 Indian Secularism focuses on more than the religion state separation .Explain.

OR

‘In Indian Constitution limitation on individual freedom places under article 19(2)’ explain the limitations.

Q27 Explain how the general elections of 1952 in India were a landmark in the history of democracy all over the world. 6

OR

Explain as to why the first decade of electoral competition is known as Congress system.

ANNUAL EXAM
CLASS – XI
PHYSICAL EDUCATION

TIME: 3 Hrs.

M.M: 70

General Instructions:

- The question paper consists of 26 questions.
- All questions are compulsory.
- Q1 to Q11 are of 1 mark each must be answered in 10 to 20 words.
- Q 12 to 19 are of 3 marks each must be answered in 30 to 50 words.
- Q 20 to 26 are of 5 marks each must be answered in 75 to 100 words.

Q1 What do you understand by Physical Education?

Q2 What is the Olympic motto?

Q3 Define physical fitness?

Q4 What does the word 'Paralympics' means?

Q5 What do you mean by meditation?

Q6 Name any two injuries of mountaineering.

Q7 What is the formula for calculating BMI?

Q8 Define physiology.

Q9 What do you mean by force?

Q10 Mention two laws of learning.

Q11 What do you mean by load?

Q12 What are the objectives of physical education?

Q13 Discuss 'healthy diet' as a component of positive lifestyle.

Q14 Write the aims of adaptive physical education.

- Q15 Discuss about the types of leadership in physical education.
- Q16 What is the procedure to measure anthropometric measurement?
- Q17 Explain the general and specific principles of adaptation.
- Q18 Discuss the effects of blood doping.
- Q19 Why the narcotics are taken?
- Q20 What are Ancient and Modern Olympics. Explain in detail.
- Q21 Discuss the elements of yoga.
- Q22 Describe the different types of joint.
- Q23 What do you mean by centripetal force? Write its application in sports?
- Q24 Describe the management of adolescence problems.
- Q25 Write a brief note on load, adaptation and recovery.
- Q26 What are athletes responsibilities in and out competition? Explain in detail.
-

Sample Paper
Annual Exam
Class XI
Sub:-Mathematics

Time 3 hours

M.M: 100

General Instructions:

- Section A consists of 4 questions of 1 mark each.
- Section B consists of 8 questions of 2 marks each.
- Section C consists of 11 questions of 4 marks each
- Section D consists of 6 questions of 6 marks each.

Section A

1. Express $(-5i)\left(\frac{1}{8}i\right)$ in the form of $a + ib$.
2. Find the range of function $f(x) = x^2 + 2$, x is a real number.
3. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{4x+3}{x-2}$.
4. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$. Find $A-B$ and $B-A$.

Section B

5. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $B = \{3, 4\}$ and $C = \{4, 5, 6\}$. Find
(i) $A \times (B \cap C)$ (ii) $(A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$
6. Convert $40^\circ 20'$ into radian measure.
7. Find the equation of a circle with centre $(2,2)$ and passes through the point $(4,5)$.
8. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x}{x^2 - 4}$.
9. Find the value of $\sin 75^\circ$.
10. Find the derivative of $x^2 - 2$ at $x = 10$.
11. There are four men and six women on the city council. If one council member is selected for a committee at random, how likely is it that it is a woman?
12. A letter is chosen at random from the word 'ASSASSINATION'. Find the probability that letter is (i) a vowel (ii) a consonant.

Section C

13. A college awarded 38 medals in football, 15 in basketball and 20 in cricket. If these medals went to a total of 58 men and only three men got medals in all the three sports, how many received medals in exactly two of the three sports?
14. Using Binomial theorem, prove that $n(n + 1)(n + 2)$ is a multiple of 3.
15. Using section formula, prove that the three points $(-4, 6, 10)$, $(2, 4, 6)$ and $(14, 0, -2)$ are collinear.
16. Find the equation of the hyperbola where foci are $(0, \pm 12)$ and the length of the latus rectum is 36.
17. Prove by using the principle of mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
- $$1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + \dots + n.(n + 1) = \left[\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{3} \right].$$
18. Find the probability that when a hand of 7 cards is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards, it contains (i) all Kings (ii) 3 Kings (iii) atleast 3 Kings.
19. If p is the length of perpendicular from the origin to the line whose intercepts on the axes are a and b , then show that $\frac{1}{p^2} = \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}$.
20. If $x + iy = \frac{a+ib}{a-ib}$, prove that $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.
21. The p^{th} , q^{th} and r^{th} terms of an A.P. are a , b and c respectively. Show that
- $$(q - r)a + (r - p)b + (p - q)c = 0$$
22. Find the derivative of $\sin(x + 1)$ from first principle.
23. Find the derivative of (i) $\frac{2x+3}{x-2}$ (ii) $x + \frac{1}{x}$.

Section D

24. In an examination, a question paper consists of 12 questions divided into two parts i.e. Part I and Part II, containing 5 and 7 questions, respectively. A student is required to attempt 8 questions in all, selecting at least 3 from each part. In how many ways can a student select the questions?
25. Prove that
- $$\cos^2 x + \cos^2 \left(x + \frac{\pi}{3} \right) + \cos^2 \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \frac{3}{2}.$$
26. If p, q, r are in G.P. and the equations, $px^2 + 2qx + r = 0$ and $dx^2 + 2ex + f = 0$ have a common root, then show that $\frac{d}{p}, \frac{e}{q}, \frac{f}{r}$ are in A.P.

27. Solve the following system of inequalities graphically:

$$3x + 4y \leq 60$$

$$x + 3y \leq 30$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0.$$

28. Find equation of the line which is equidistant from parallel lines $9x+6y-7=0$ and $3x+2y+6=0$.

29. Calculate the mean and standard deviation for the following distribution:

Hieght in cms	70-75	75-80	80-85	85-90	90-95	95-100	100-105	105-110	110-115
No.Of Children	3	4	7	7	15	9	6	6	3

.....XXX.....